

Coherence and decay within Bose-Einstein condensates – beyond Bogoliubov

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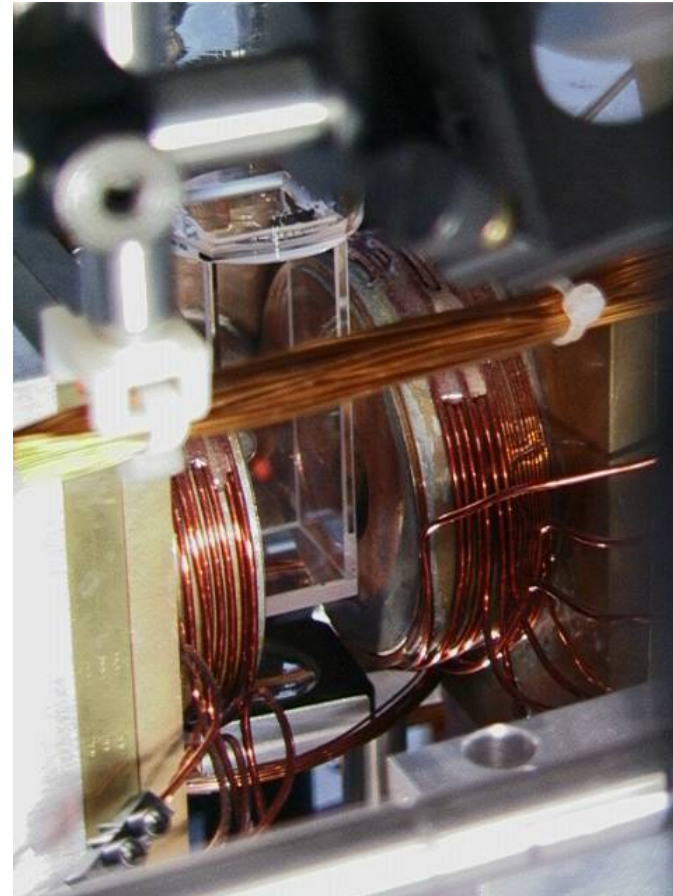
For more information – see my webpage: www.weizmann.ac.il/home/katzn

Outline

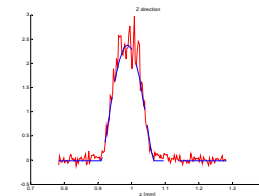
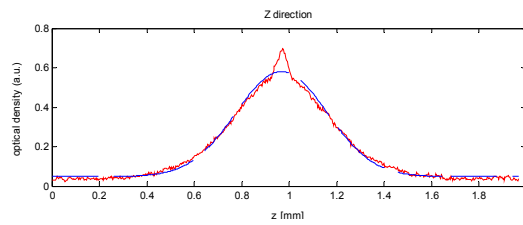
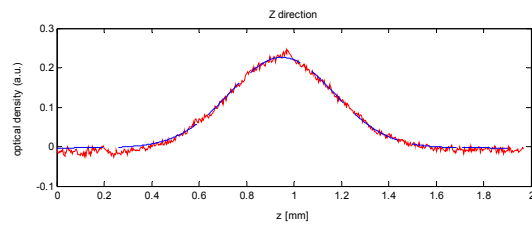
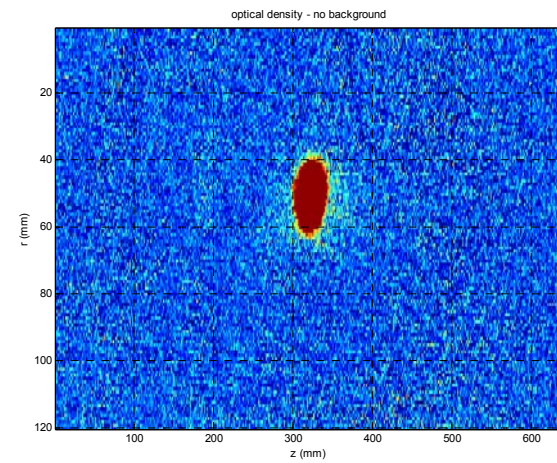
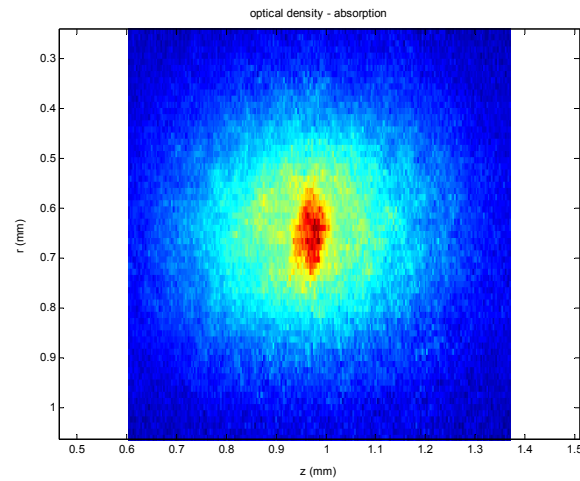
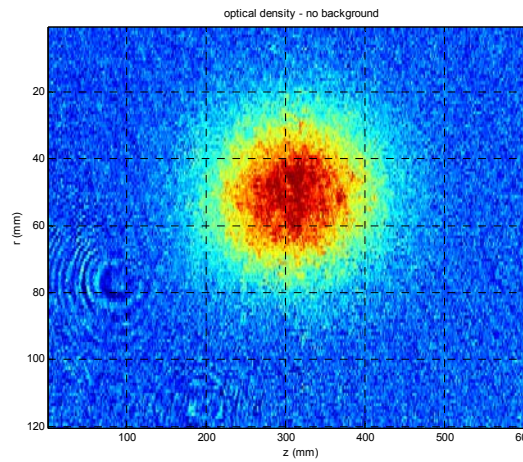
- **Weak Bogoliubov excitations**
 - Fringe spectroscopy
- **Strong Excitations**
 - Spectrum of BEC oscillating in a lattice
 - Time domain – suppression of dephasing
 - Decay of these states
- **Probing many-body correlation times (theory)**

Experimental set-up

- ^{87}Rb atoms in the $|F, m_F\rangle = |2, 2\rangle$ ground state.
- $N_0 = 1\text{-}5 \times 10^5$ atoms.
- $T \sim 0.3 T_c \sim 100$ nK
- *~95% of atoms in the ground state*
- *Chemical potential $\mu/h = 2 - 4$ kHz*



Time of flight (absorption imaging)

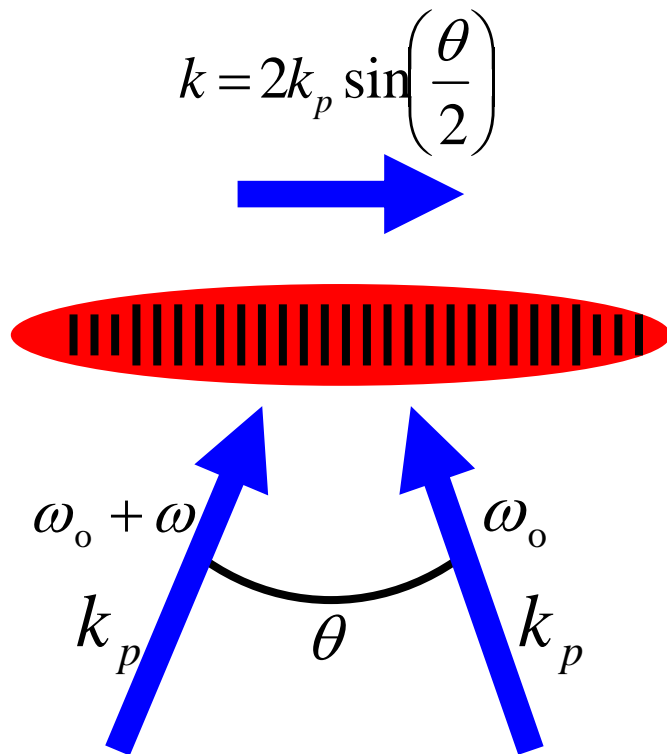


$T > T_c$

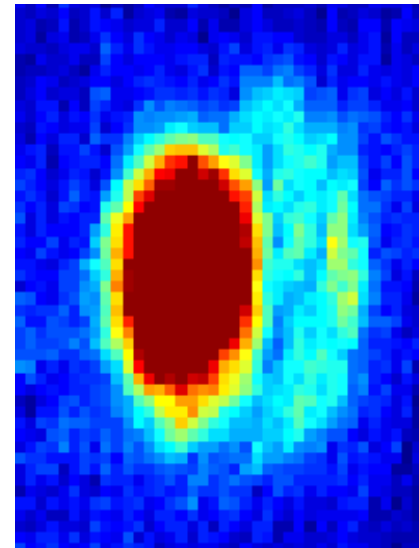
$T = T_c$

$T < T_c$

Bragg Spectroscopy



TOF image of an excited condensate



J. Stenger et al., PRL 82, 4569 (1999) (Ketterle); M. Kozuma et al., PRL 82, 871(1999) (Phillips); J. Steinhauer et al., PRL 88, 120407 (2002) (Davidson).

Bogoliubov spectrum

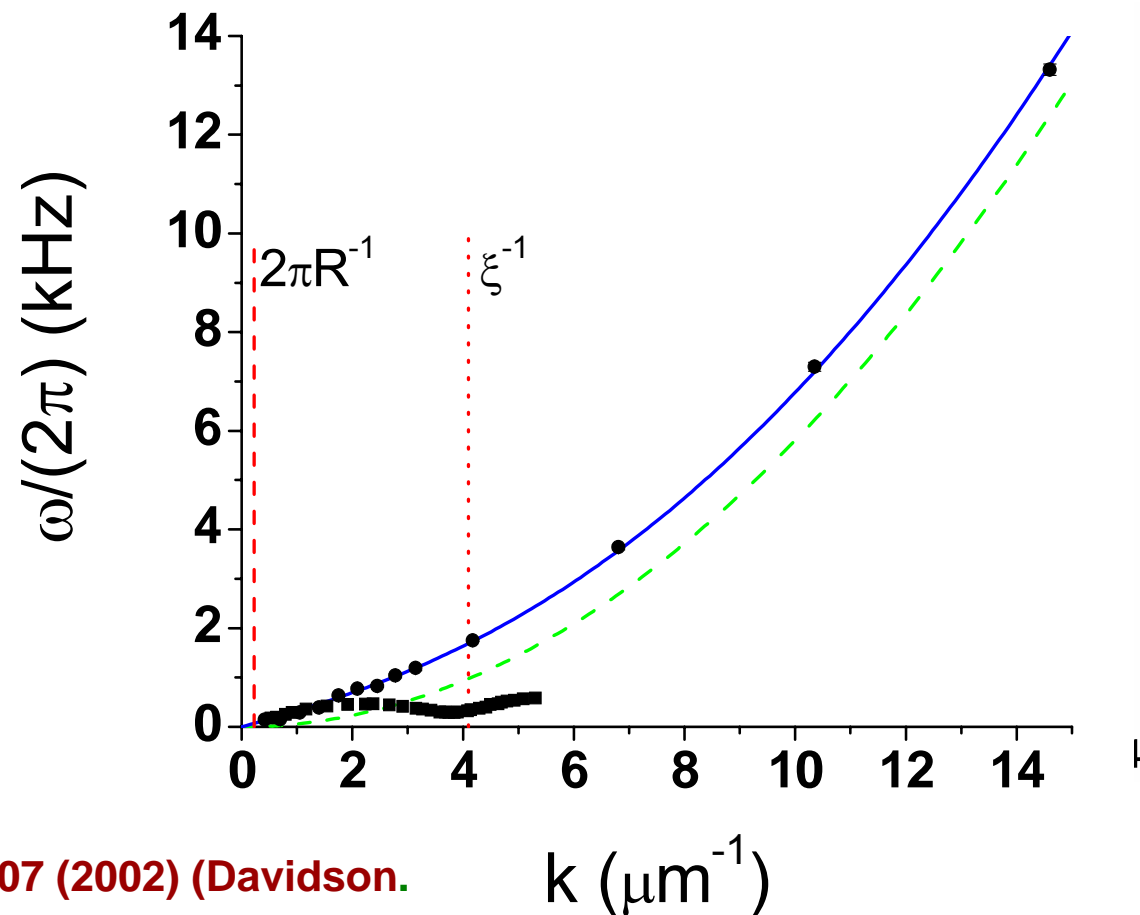
$$\varepsilon_k = \sqrt{\varepsilon_k^0 (\varepsilon_k^0 + 2gn)}$$

low k limit: *Phonon regime*

$$\varepsilon_k = ck$$

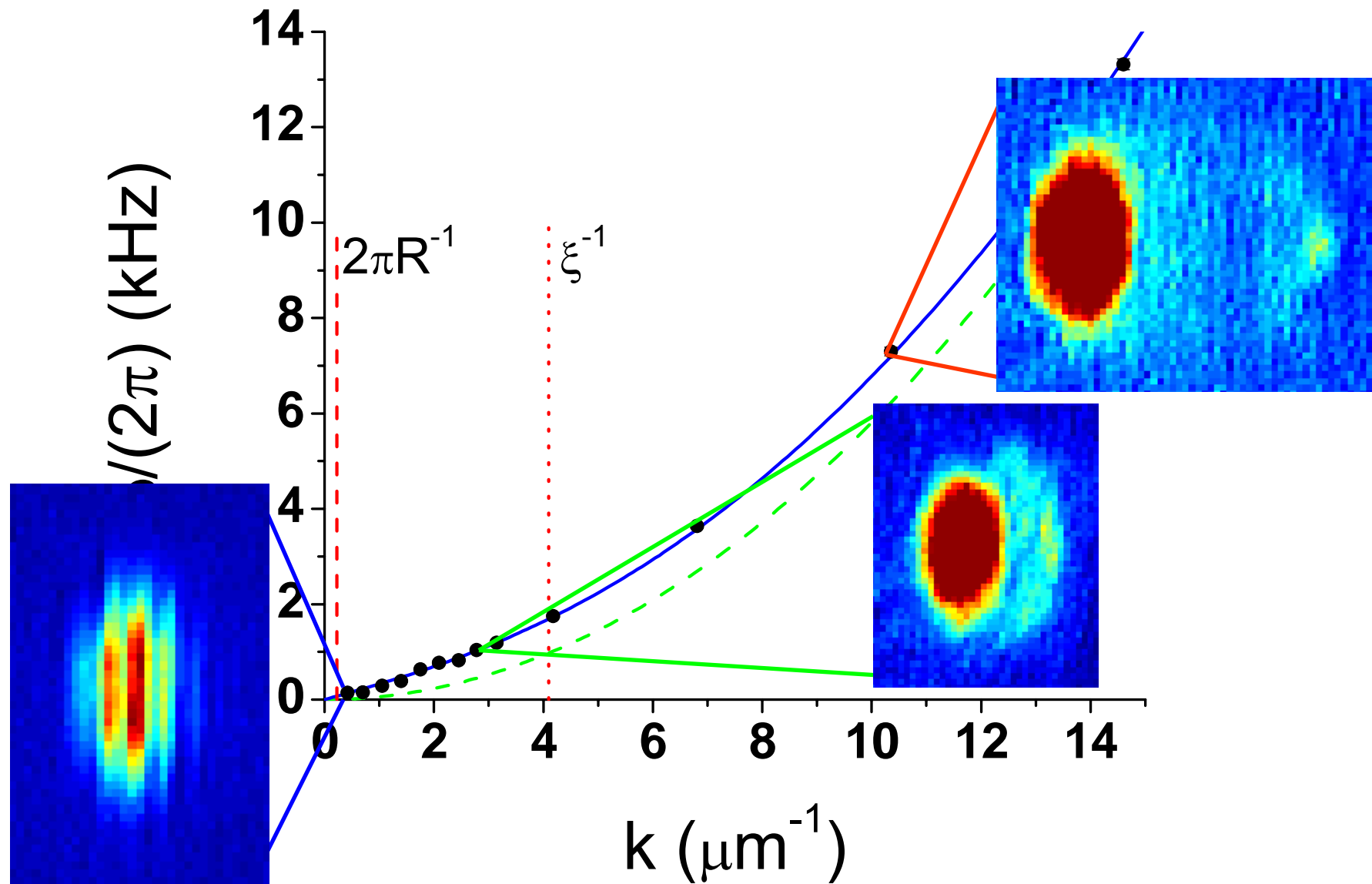
high k limit: *Free particle regime*

$$\varepsilon_k = \varepsilon_k^0 + \mu$$



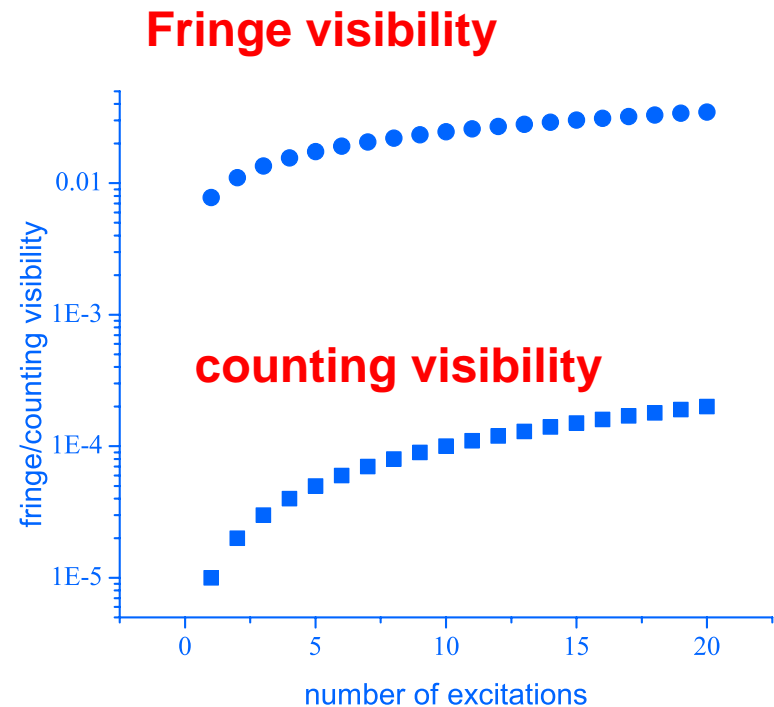
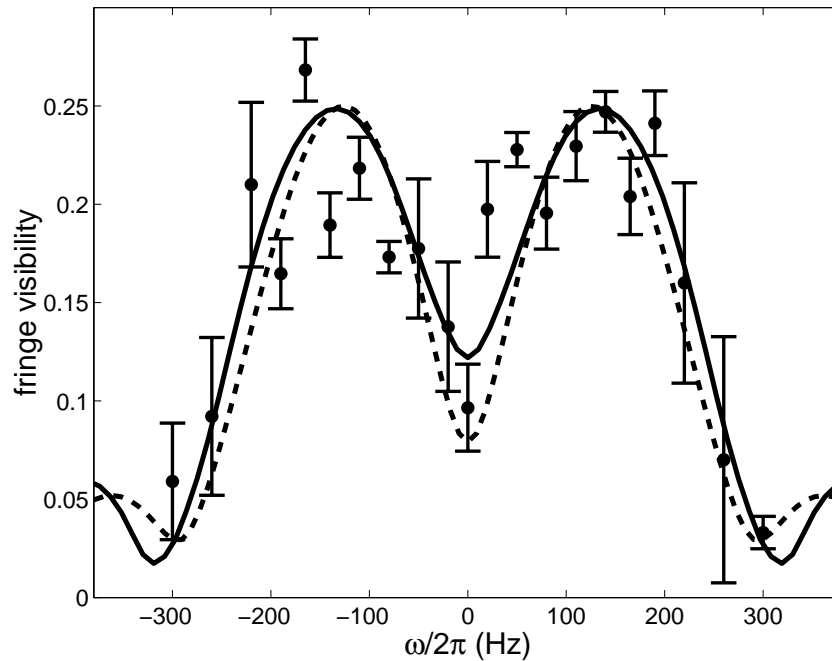
J. Steinhauer et al., PRL 88, 120407 (2002) (Davidson.

Excitation Spectrum: a roadmap



Fringe visibility: a spectroscopic tool

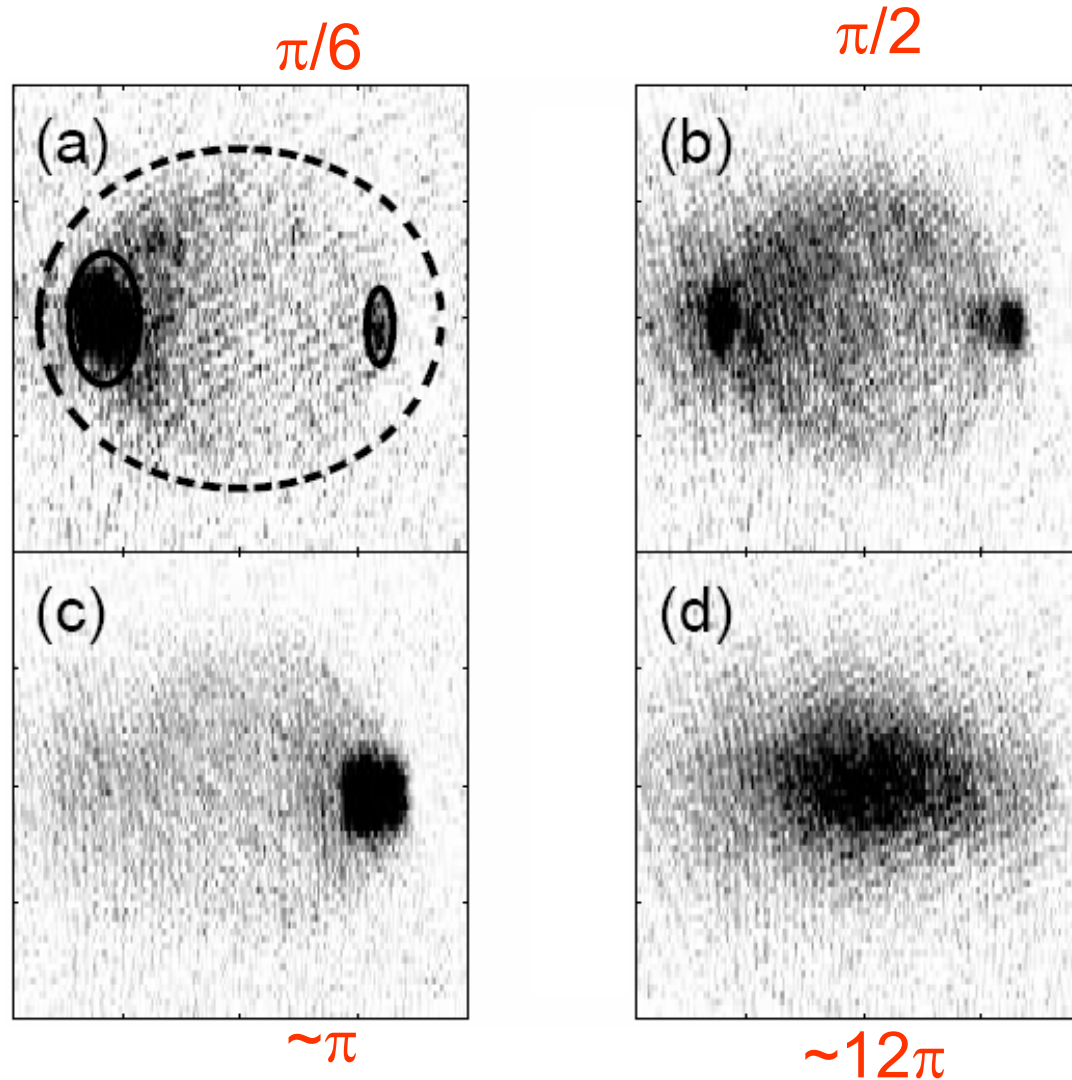
Heterodyne detection – matter wave interference



Can possibly observe single particle excitations!

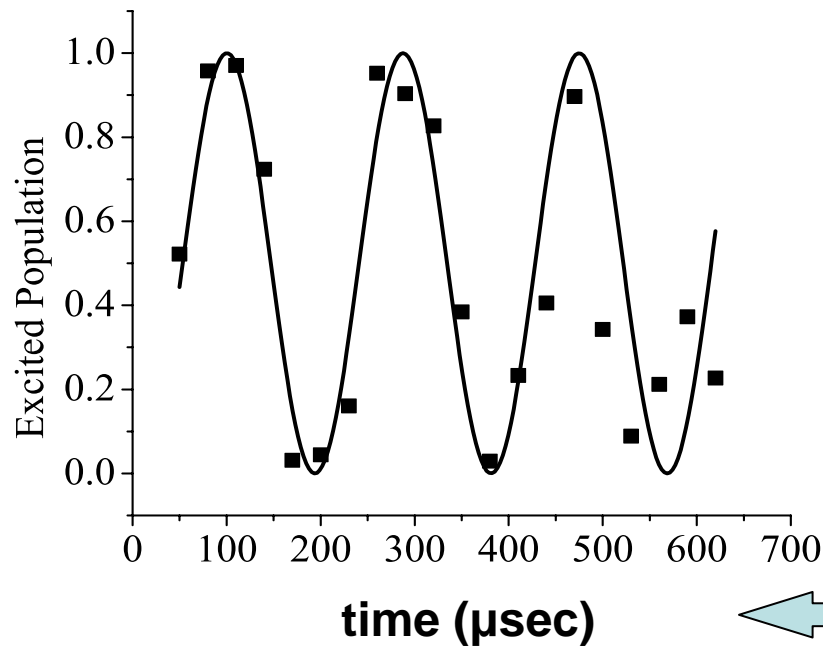
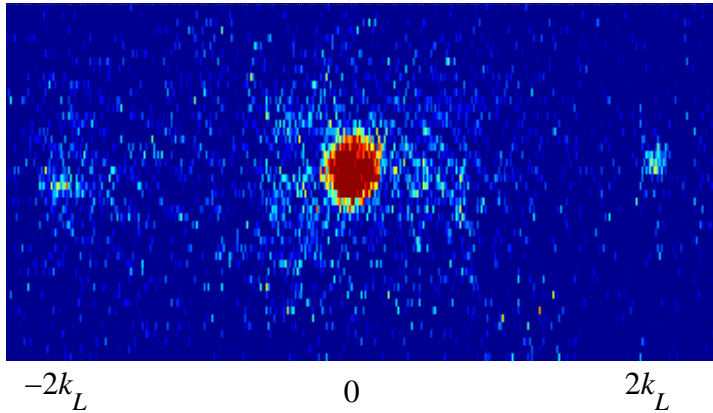
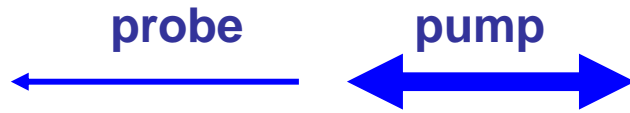
N. Katz, R.Ozeri, J. Steinhauer, N. Davidson, C. Tozzo and F. Dalfovo, PRL 93, 220403 (2004).

Strong excitations at high momenta

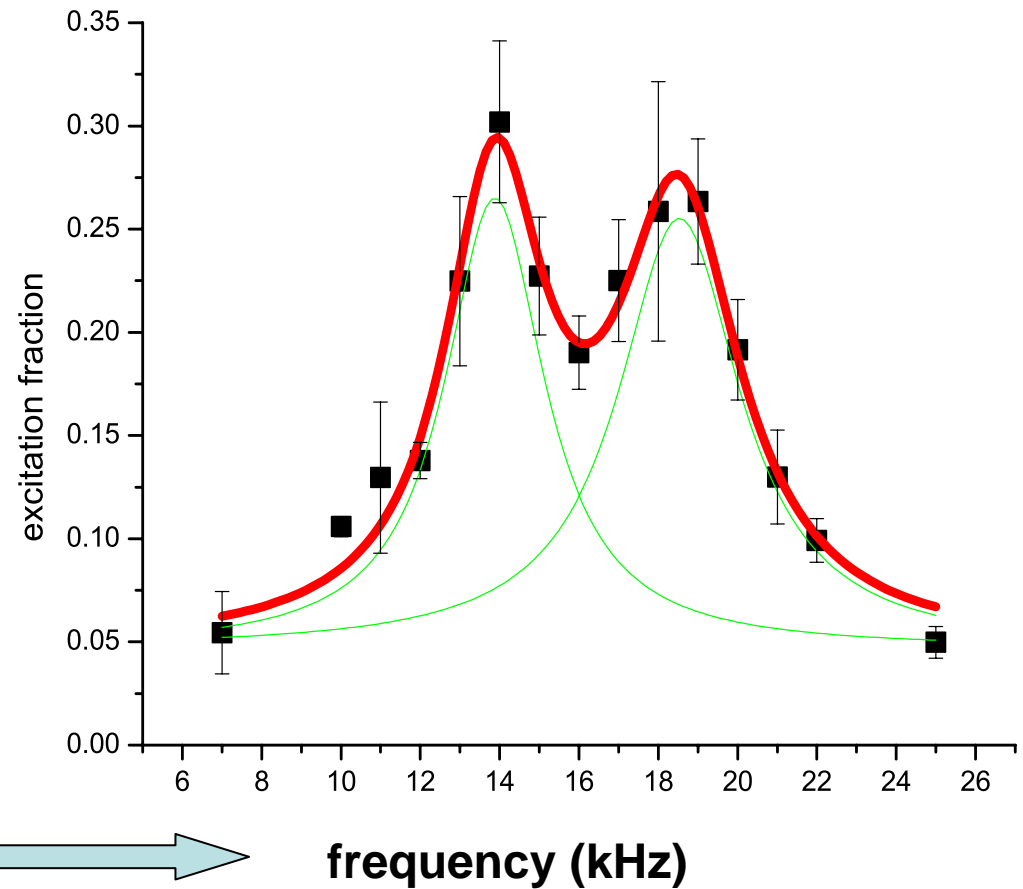


N. Katz, R. Ozeri, E. Rowen, E. Gershnel and N. Davidson, Phys. Rev. A 70, 033615 (2004)

Strong excitation – splitting in spectrum

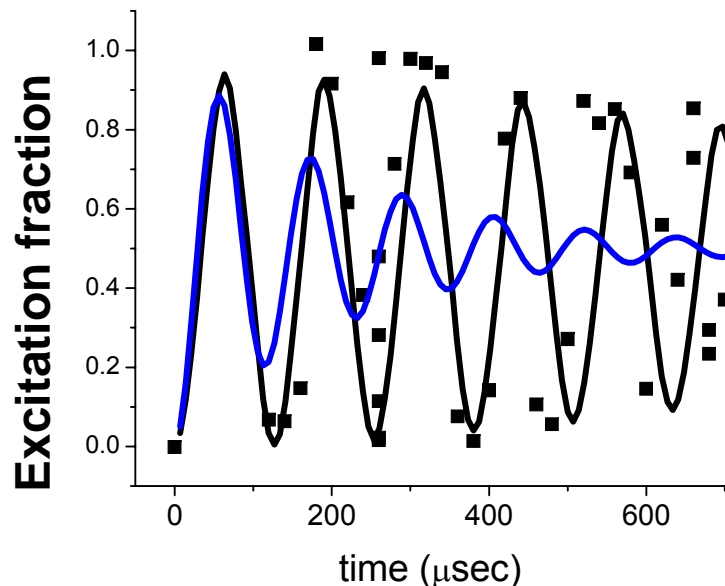
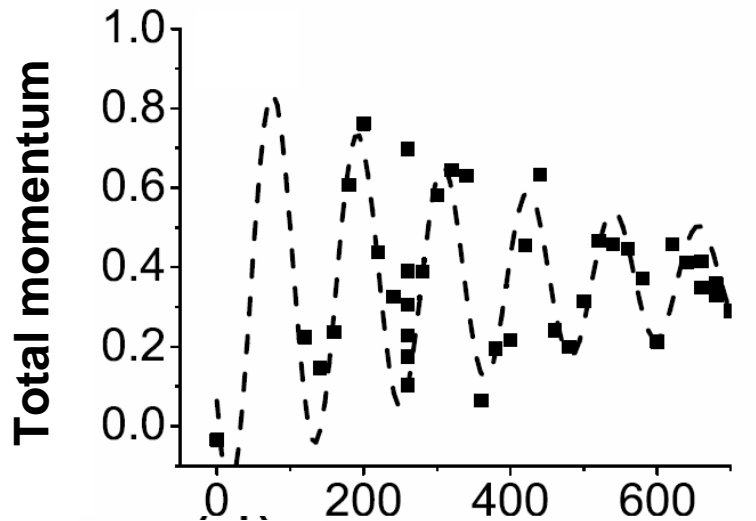


For a dressed state view of atomic mode mixing – see Eitan Rowen's poster (Mo-15)

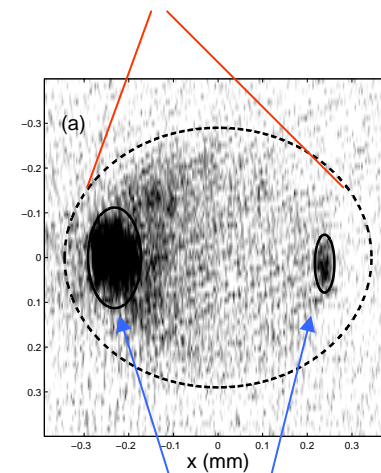


E. Rowen, N. Katz, R. Ozeri, E. Gershnel and N. Davidson, cond-mat/0402225 (2004).

Dynamics: decoherence vs. dephasing



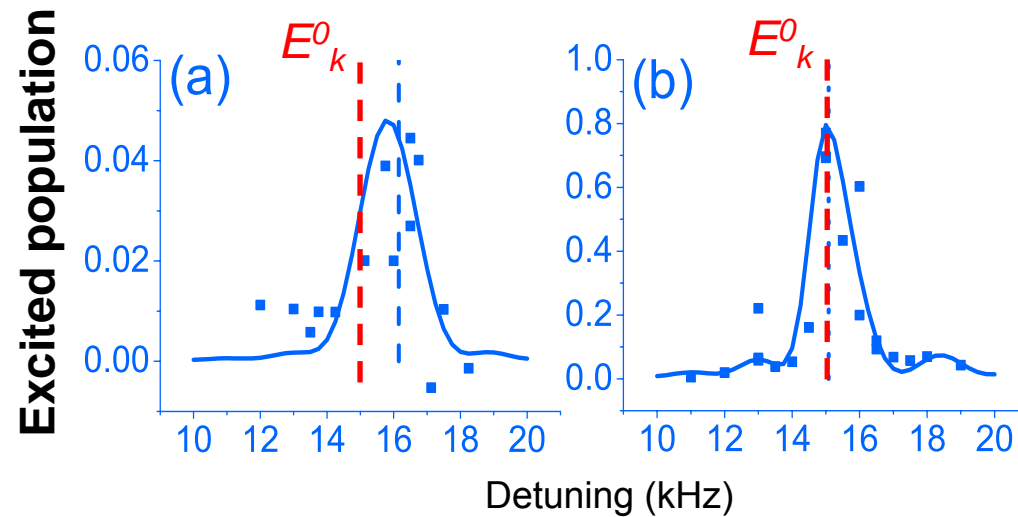
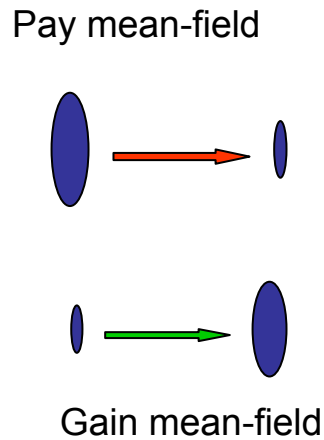
Momentum measurement
Decoherence+dephasing



Population measurement:
Only dephasing
Agrees with Gross-Pitaevskii!!

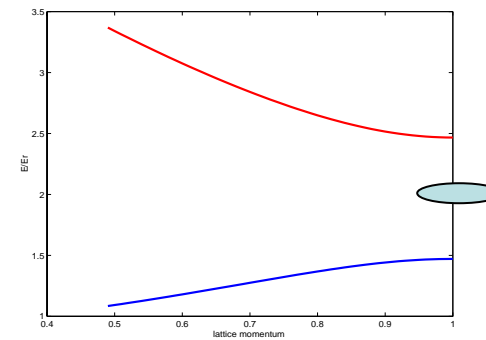
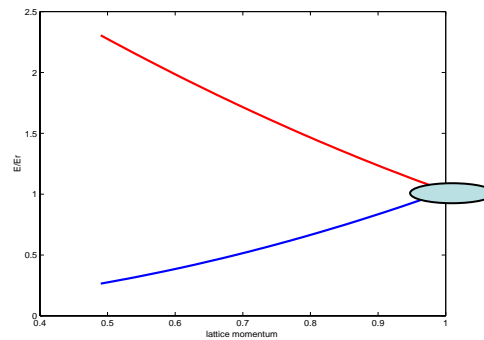
N. Katz, R. Ozeri, E. Rowen, E. Gershnel and N. Davidson, Phys. Rev. A 70, 033615 (2004)

Suppression of mean field and Doppler broadening



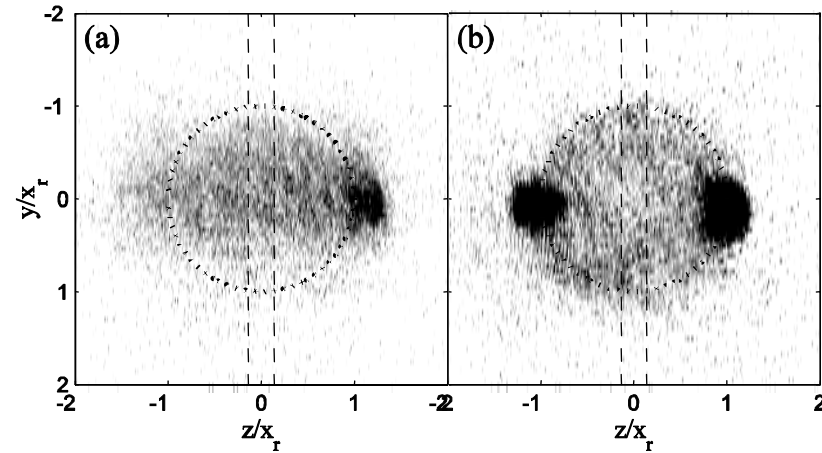
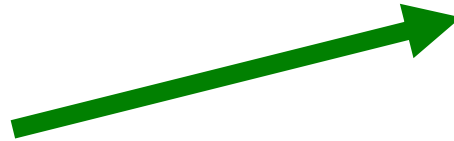
Result:

Coherence enhanced by more than a factor of 10.



Collisions in the lattice

experiment



E. Rowen, N. Katz, R. Ozeri, E. Gershnel and N. Davidson, cond-mat/0402225 (2004).

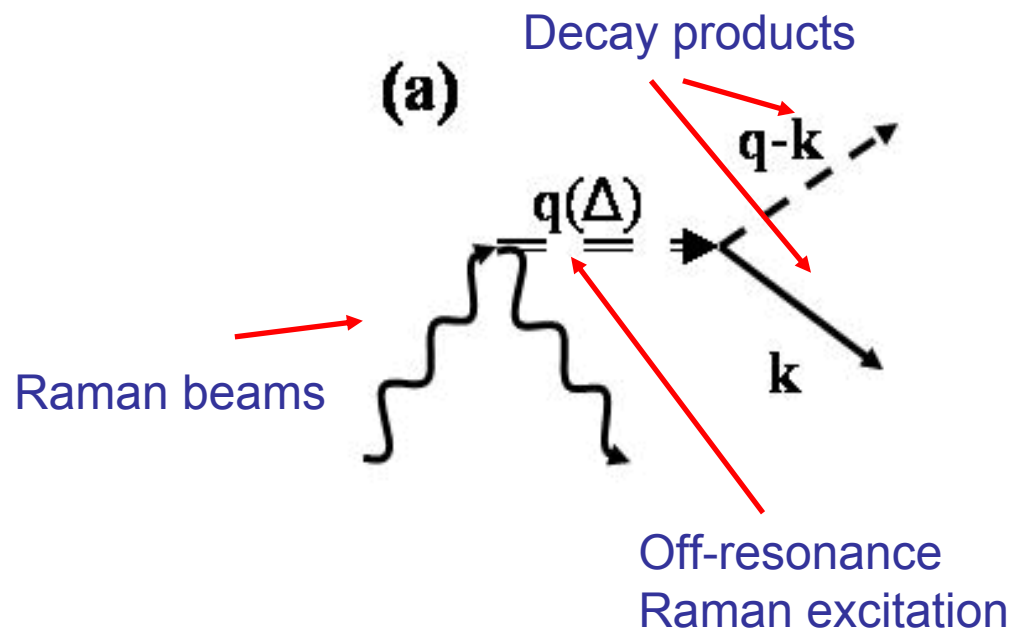
A.A. Norie, R. J Ballagh and C.W. Gardiner, cond-mat/0403378

Coupling to a **nontrivial continuum...**

Probing correlations - Raman

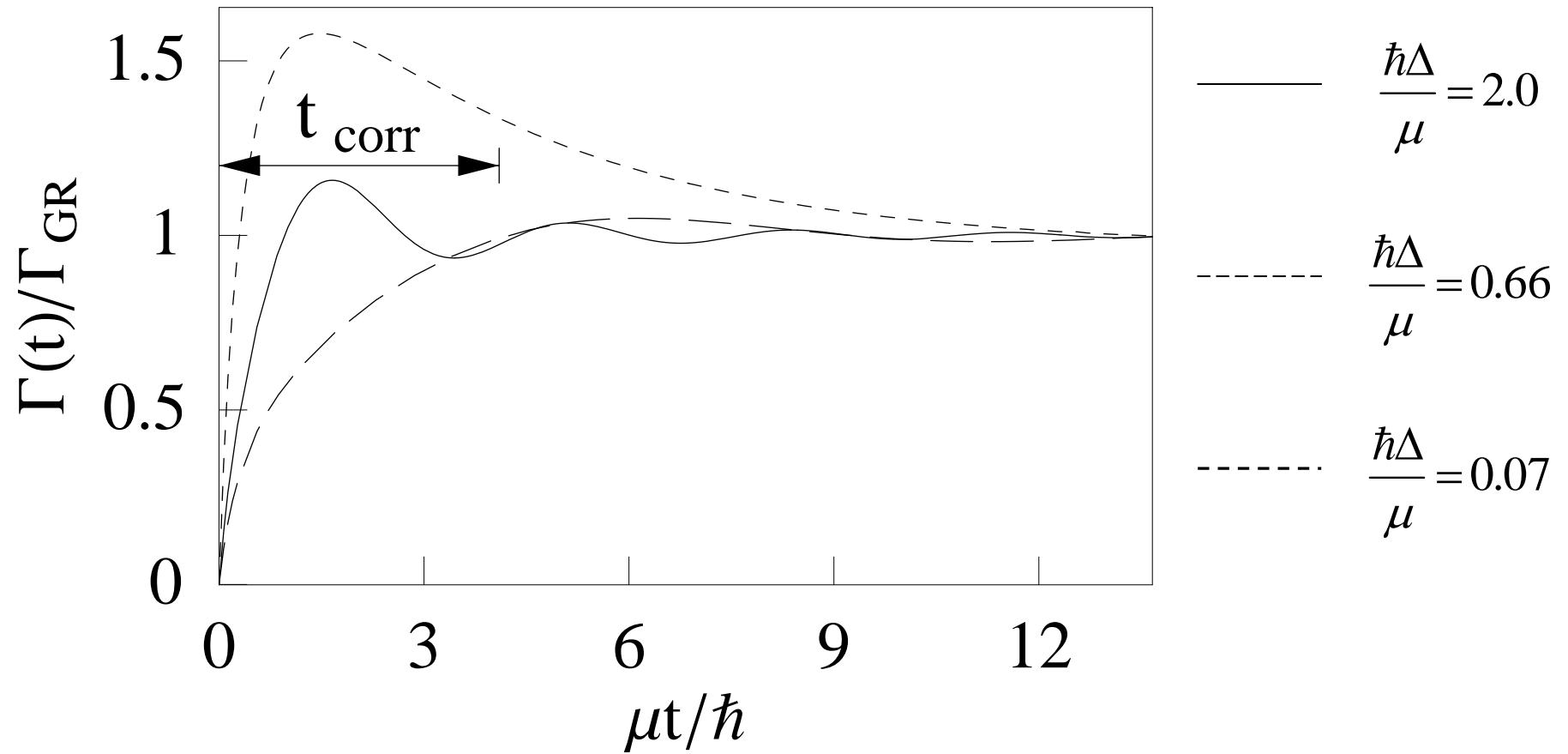
Scheme:

- Excite off resonance (positive detuning Δ) Raman momentum states (\mathbf{q}),
- Monitor the decay products of these states as a function of time

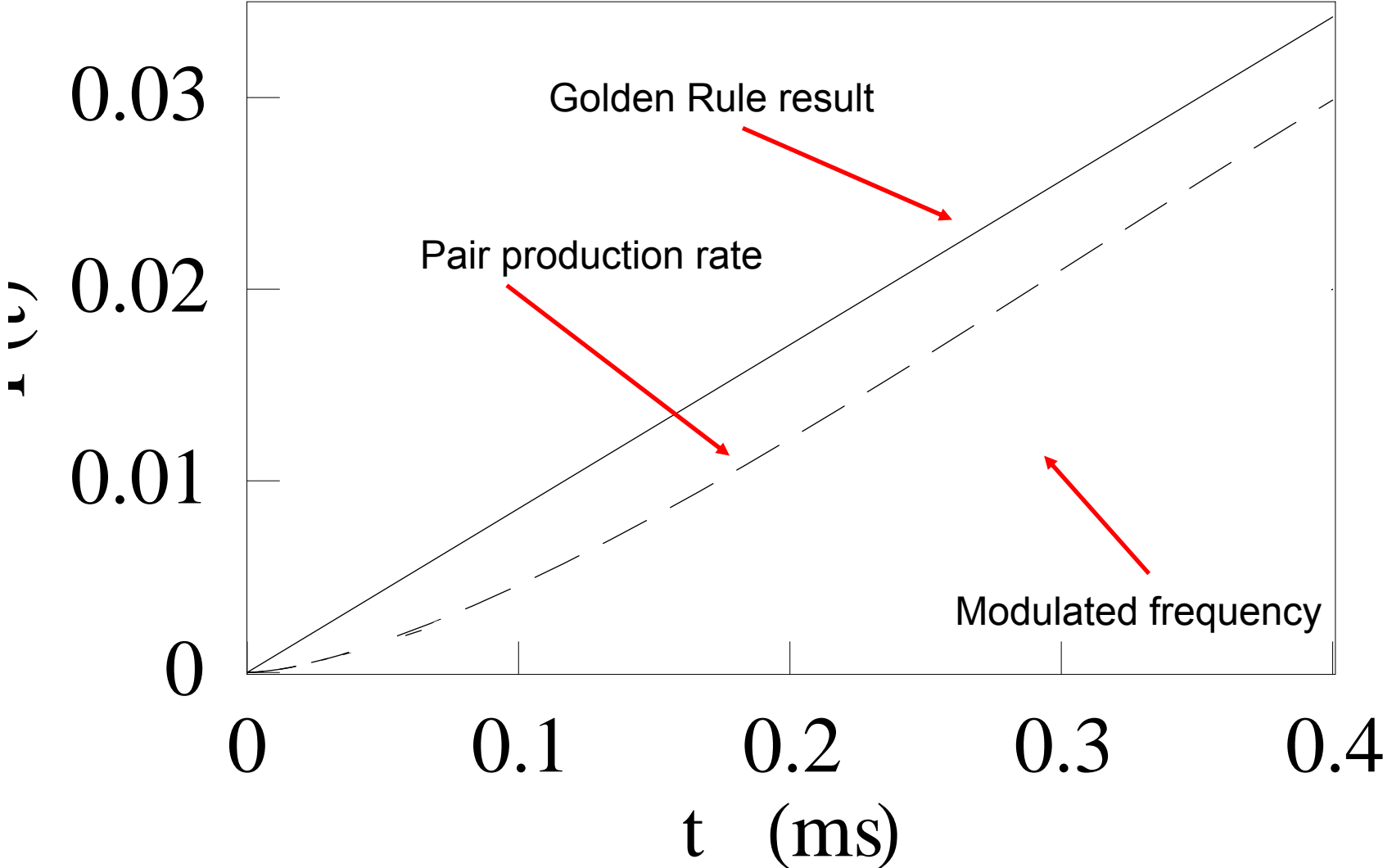


I. Mazets, G. Kurizki, N. Katz and N. Davidson, cond-mat/0411301

Zeno effects in BEC



Observing Zeno effects



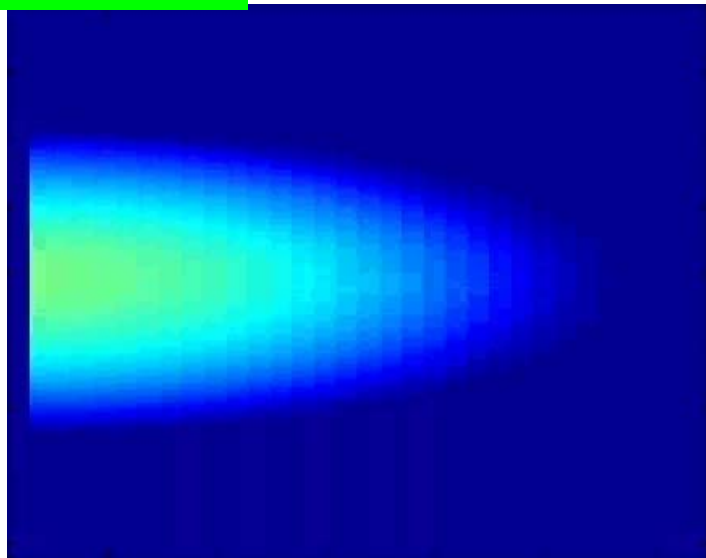
Summary - physics beyond Bogoliubov

- Heterodyne detection of few excitations
- Strong excitations – spectra and decay
- Many-body correlation time for Raman excitations

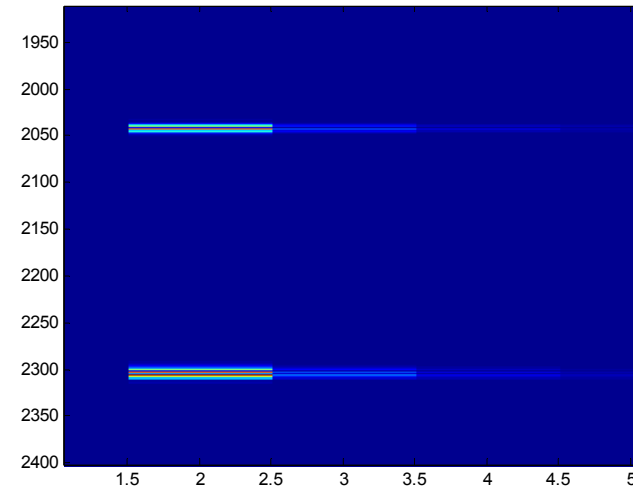
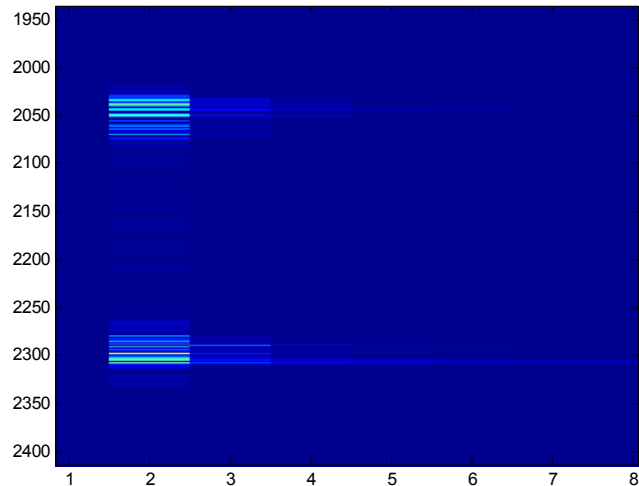
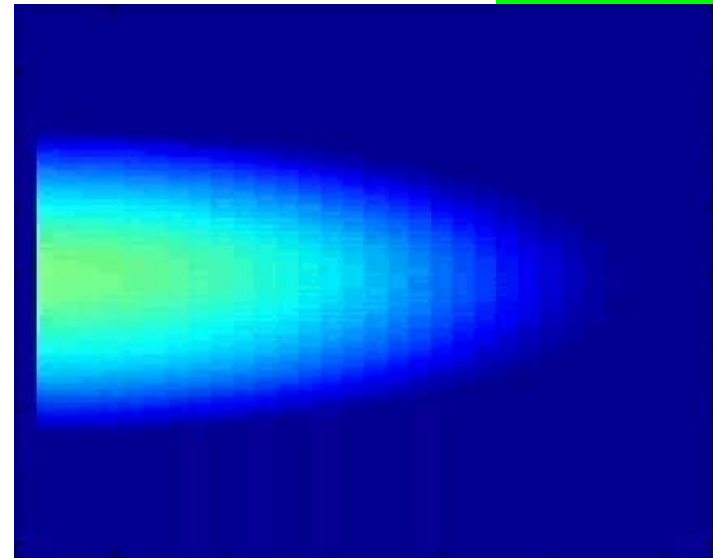
Dynamical instabilities (simulations)

What happens when the Bragg pulse is at intermediate intensity
(comparable to the mean-field)?

$$\hbar\Omega \approx \mu/2$$



$$\hbar\Omega \approx 2\mu$$



A. Vardi and J. R. Anglin, Phys. Rev. Lett. **86**, 568 (2001).